

POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE ASPECTS OF GLOBALIZATION

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***Abstract:** The process of globalization connects the countries and peoples of the earth in a way that no other weapon in human history has been able to do. This process is growing so much that no region of the world has yet been affected by it. The term globalization, which appeared at the end of the last century, expressed the generalization of the economic and spiritual life of the countries of the world.*

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Globalization refers to the system of economic division of labor, a set of economies connected to each other through economic and economic relations, it is one of the features of the structure of the world economy and social processes. On this basis, the world economy, market economy, geo-economy and its infrastructures were formed, and this happened for many centuries and as a result of the serious influence of its international relations. The global process is the result of the evolution of state-designed market systems

The main result of this is the global distribution of labor, capital, labor, global migration of production resources (also, as a rule, concentration), standardization of legislation, economic and technological processes, as well as convergence and integration of cultures. different countries. Globalization has a systemic nature, that is, it is an objective process that covers all spheres of society's life. As a result of globalization, the world is connected to and subordinated to all its subjects. There is an increase in the number of problems common to a group of countries and an expansion in the number and types of unifying entities.

Globalization is one of the most amazing processes that has affected humanity. It affects all areas of human activity, including economy, culture, politics, and is a global process aimed at their unification and full integration of society and economy. It can also be described as the increased economic integration of all countries of the world due to liberalization and the increase in the volume and variety of international trade, the reduction of transport costs and the rapid global impact of technology,

especially the means of communication. . At the same time, globalization has both positive and negative aspects.

As a positive aspect of globalization

Economy

- More production, faster and more efficient due to technological advancement of industries.
- Opportunities for employment in developing countries have improved, and multinational companies are setting up their headquarters in these countries due to cheap labor and raw materials.
- Free trade of products, goods and services has been established all over the world.
- It encourages competition between companies and improves product quality.

Culture

- A mixture of cultures that enriches knowledge.
- Measures to protect the environment and the planet.
- common human moral values.
- The scope of human rights is expanding.

Politics

- Amendments to international laws, development of trade.
- Encourages collaborative plans.
- Organizations protecting human rights.

Social

- Forming a healthy lifestyle.
- Improves personal decision-making skills.
- Wider access to interesting information inside and outside our borders.
- Similar consumption habits of people of different nations.

When it comes to the negative aspects of this

In the process of globalization, not only economic unification, but also cultural, social, political and humanitarian aspects of the development of countries are implemented.

1. Cultural expansion. Economically developed countries often impose their cultural values on less developed countries.

2. Harmonization of cultural values. Many consider this to be the greatest harm of globalization. Due to the great migration, the expansion of foreign cultures, the convention of borders, peoples have stopped having their original values and traditions.

3. Stratification of society. Modern technologies facilitate the exchange of information every day, and this creates the basis for the spread of different ideas, teachings, cultural and religious influences.

4. "Change your mind." All post-Soviet countries experienced this. Many specialists, scientists, doctors, promising young people left behind the shortage of personnel and moved to economically developed countries.

5. It centralizes production networks.

The only concern with this system is that it creates more inefficiencies. Every day we waste thousands of tons of food due to the waste produced in our household systems. If more people use the systems we've shown, this problem will only get worse.

It is necessary to draw a conclusion from the given information

Views on the origins of globalization have always been conflicting. Historians consider this process to be one of the stages of the development of capitalism. Economists say that this process is connected with the trans nationalization of financial markets. Political scientists emphasize the spread of democratic organizations. Cultural scientists associate the manifestations of globalization with the westernization of culture, including the economic expansion of America. There are information technology approaches in explaining globalization processes. Political, economic and socio-cultural globalization are different from each other. Regionalization is a subject of globalization and has a strong cumulative effect on the formation of global poles of technological and economic development.

The ideas of the global society were expressed by the ancient Greek thinker Diogenes, who used the concept of a cosmopolitan, that is, a citizen of the world or a citizen of the cosmopolis (world society). [source?] . In the worldview of the peoples of China, Central Asia, Genghis Khan's Mongol Empire, the idea of the Heavenly Empire - the whole Earth (under the sky) and the human society existing in its territory - had an important place. widths. Recently, it has been actively developed by the theory of global society.

The process of globalization connects the countries and peoples of the earth in a way that no other weapon in human history has been able to do. This process is growing so much that no region of the world has yet been affected by it. The term globalization,

which appeared at the end of the last century, expressed the generalization of the economic and spiritual life of the countries of the world.

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